

TRUSTEES OF GRINNELL COLLEGE TABLE OF CONTENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

II	NDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
F	INANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION	3
	STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES	4
	STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	6
	NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Trustees of Grinnell College Grinnell, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Trustees of Grinnell College (the College), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Trustees Trustees of Grinnell College

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the College as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota October 7, 2016

TRUSTEES OF GRINNELL COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	 2016	2015		
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Less Allowance for Doubtful	\$ 1,959	\$ 1,275		
Accounts of \$48 in 2016 and \$43 in 2015	1,416	867		
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses	4,484	3,811		
Contribution and Bequest Receivable - Net (Note 4) Loans to Students - Less Allowance for Doubtful Loans of	12,163	8,904		
\$438 in 2016 and \$458 in 2015 (Note 5)	7,122	7,288		
Investments (Note 2)	1,692,262	1,829,981		
Property and Equipment - Net (Note 6)	 226,587	 230,147		
Total Assets	\$ 1,945,993	\$ 2,082,273		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,915	\$ 3,617		
Accrued Payroll and Fringe Benefits	4,942	4,431		
Deferred Revenue and Deposits	3,169	3,187		
Annuities Payable	5,611	6,457		
Funds Held in Trust for Others	798	864		
Bonds Payable (Note 10)	89,931	96,640		
Accrued Postretirement Benefit Obligation (Note 8)	20,828	16,999		
United States Government Grants Refundable	 2,542	 2,533		
Total Liabilities	132,736	134,728		
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted (Note 3)	1,281,920	1,378,974		
Temporarily Restricted (Notes 3 and 9)	415,513	458,050		
Permanently Restricted (Notes 3 and 9)	115,824	 110,521		
Total Net Assets	 1,813,257	1,947,545		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,945,993	\$ 2,082,273		

TRUSTEES OF GRINNELL COLLEGE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	Unres	tricted	nporarily stricted	manently estricted		Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Revenue, Gains and Other Support:						
Tuition and Fees	\$ 7	7,190	\$ -	\$ -	\$	77,190
Grants and Scholarships	(4	6,150)	-	-		(46, 150)
Tuition Remission		(1,078)	-	-		(1,078)
Net Tuition and Fees	2	9,962	-	-		29,962
Government Grants and Contracts		515	319	-		834
Private Gifts and Grants		2,291	2,648	-		4,939
Net Realized and Unrealized Losses on Investments		(45)	-	-		(45)
Investment Income		252	5	-		257
Auxiliary Income	1	6,806	-	-		16,806
Other		348	 16	 		364
Net Operating Revenues	5	0,129	2,988	-		53,117
Endowment Spending Distribution	7	3,818	_	_		73,818
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		3,349	(3,349)	_		· -
Net Resources Funding Operations	12	27,296	(361)	-		126,935
Expenses and Losses:						
Instruction	4	2,256	-	_		42,256
Academic Support		5,108	-	-		15,108
Student Services		2,377	-	_		22,377
Institutional Support		23,198	-	-		23,198
Auxiliary Enterprises		6,327	-	-		16,327
Total Operating Expenses		9,266	-	-		119,266
Change in Net Assets from						
Operating Activities		8,030	(361)	-		7,669
NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Private Gifts and Grants		1,158	920	7,144		9,222
Net Realized and Unrealized Losses on						
Investments	(6	31,604)	(27,090)	(984)		(89,678)
Investment Income	1	1,020	4,671	1		15,692
Endowment Spending Distribution	(7	'3,818)	-	-		(73,818)
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	2	21,785	(20,539)	(1,246)		-
Change in Value of Split Interest Agreements		-	(138)	388		250
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment		(13)	-	-		(13)
Postretirement Benefit Plan Related Changes, Other						
than Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost		(3,612)	 	 		(3,612)
Change in Net Assets from						
Nonoperating Activities	(10	5,084)	 (42,176)	 5,303		<u>(141,957)</u>
TOTAL CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(9	7,054)	(42,537)	5,303		(134,288)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	1,37	8,974	 458,050	 110,521	1	,947,545
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,28	1,920	\$ 415,513	\$ 115,824	\$ 1	,813,257

TRUSTEES OF GRINNELL COLLEGE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	Unr	estricted	Temporarily Restricted		ermanently Restricted		Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		-					
Revenue, Gains and Other Support:							
Tuition and Fees	\$	75,392	\$	- \$	-	\$	75,392
Grants and Scholarships		(45,661)		-	-		(45,661)
Tuition Remission		(1,429)		-	-		(1,429)
Net Tuition and Fees		28,302		-	-		28,302
Government Grants and Contracts		574	349		-		923
Private Gifts and Grants		2,211	7,719	9	-		9,930
Net Realized and Unrealized Losses on Investments		(170)		•	-		(170)
Investment Income		347	;	5	-		352
Auxiliary Income		16,334		-	-		16,334
Other		483	16				499
Net Operating Revenues		48,081	8,089	9	-		56,170
Endowment Spending Distribution		59,243		_	_		59,243
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		2,229	(2,229	9)	_		-
Net Resources Funding Operations		109,553	5,860				115,413
		,	-,				,
Expenses and Losses:							
Instruction		42,248		_	_		42,248
Academic Support		13,994		_	_		13,994
Student Services		21,675		_	_		21,675
Institutional Support		21,967		_	_		21,967
Auxiliary Enterprises		16,905		_	_		16,905
Total Operating Expenses		116,789					116,789
		110,100					110,700
Change in Net Assets from							
Operating Activities		(7,236)	5,860)	-		(1,376)
NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Private Gifts and Grants		214	1,378	3	8,639		10,231
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains on			.,0.		0,000		. 0,20 .
Investments		(4,368)	(1,816	3)	(130)		(6,314)
Investment Income		10,557	4,18	•	4		14,748
Endowment Spending Distribution		(59,243)	.,	_			(59,243)
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		24,637	(18,250))	(6,387)		(00,210)
Change in Value of Split Interest Agreements		21,007	(169		(268)		(437)
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment		(4)	(10.	-	(200)		(437)
Postretirement Benefit Plan Related Changes, Other		(4)					(-)
than Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost		26,164		_	_		26,164
than Net Periodic Postrethement benefit Cost		20,104					20,104
Change in Net Assets from							
Nonoperating Activities		(2,043)	(14,670	<u>)</u>	1,858		(14,855)
TOTAL CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(9,279)	(8,810))	1,858		(16,231)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	1	,388,253	466,860	<u> </u>	108,663		1,963,776
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1	,378,974	\$ 458,050	\$	110,521	\$ ^	1,947,545

TRUSTEES OF GRINNELL COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	2016			2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in Net Assets	\$	(134,288)	\$	(16,231)
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to Net Cash				
Used by Operating Activities:		40.000		40.407
Depreciation		10,669		10,427
Amortization of Bond Premium		(860)		(860)
Net Realized and Unrealized Losses on Investments		89,982		6,525
Provision for Recoveries of Losses		(2)		49
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment Restricted Contributions		13		(40.005)
		(11,031)		(18,085)
Postretirement Benefit Plan Related Changes, Other than Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost		2.642		(26.464)
Actuarial (Gain) Loss on Annuities Payable		3,612		(26,164) 410
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		(227)		410
Accounts Receivable		(557)		365
Contribution and Bequest Receivable		(3,259)		
Inventories and Prepaid Expenses		(3,239)		(5,979) 19
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		776		543
Funds Held in Trust for Others		(66)		26
Deferred Revenue and Deposits		(18)		38
Accrued Postretirement Benefit Obligation		217		4,922
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	-	(45,711)	•	(43,991)
Net dash osed by Operating Admintes		(40,711)		(40,991)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of Property and Equipment		(6,080)		(2,647)
Proceeds from Sales of Property and Equipment		41		15
Disbursements of Loans to Students		(1,096)		(1,112)
Principal Payments Received on Loans to Students		1,272		1,284
Purchases of Investments		(570,968)		(666,376)
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments		618,705		700,571
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		41,874		31,735
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Restricted Contributions		11,031		18,085
Change in United States Government Grants Refundable		9		1
Payments on Annuities Payable		(619)		(565)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds		(0.0)		60,381
Payments on Bonds Payable		(5,900)		(65,900)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	-	4,521		12,002
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		684		(254)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		1,275		1,529
CASH AND CASH FOLINAL ENTS: END OF YEAR	_	4.050	_	4.075
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,959	\$	1,275
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash Paid for Interest	\$	3,889	\$	3,009
Amounts Included in Year-End Accounts Payable for the				
Purchase of Property and Equipment	\$	1,569	_\$	536

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Operations

Founded in 1846, Grinnell College (the College) is a private, coeducational, residential liberal arts college located in Grinnell, lowa. The College is committed to academic excellence, the intellectual and physical well-being of all, and the pursuit of good in the world. Grinnell students come from every state in the U.S., as well as nearly fifty countries globally. The College strives to create a multicultural diverse community, open to the academically qualified regardless of ability to pay.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The College maintains its internal accounts in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. Resources for various purposes are classified into funds that are in accordance with activities or objectives specified by donors. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund. For reporting purposes, however, the College has adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958, Not-For-Profit Entities, which requires resources be classified for reporting purposes into three net asset categories according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions as follows:

Permanently Restricted – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that are required to be maintained permanently by the College. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the College to use all or part of the income earned on these assets. Such assets primarily include the College's permanent endowment funds.

Temporarily Restricted – Net assets whose use by the College is subject to donor-imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the College or that expire by the passage of time.

Unrestricted – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Trustees (Board) or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

The College follows the guidance in the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA) and Iowa Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (IUPMIFA). The Board of Trustees of Grinnell College has interpreted IUPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the historic value of the original gift absent explicit donor stipulation stating otherwise. Therefore, the College classifies the following as permanently restricted net assets in relation to donor restricted endowment funds: (a) the value of the original gifts to the endowment at the time of the gift, (b) the value of all new gifts to the endowment as of the date of the gift, (c) accumulations to the endowment specifically stated in the donor gift instrument at the time added to the fund, and (d) the value of the amounts appropriated for expenditure in accordance with the College's spending policy, but unspent at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Expenses are generally reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Expirations or modifications of donor-imposed stipulations are reported as reclassifications between the applicable classes of net assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The College considers all highly-liquid instruments purchased with cash with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, except for cash and cash equivalents held in the investment portfolio.

Income Taxes

The College has received a tax determination letter from the IRS stating that it qualifies under the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes. As such, the College is taxed only on any net unrelated business income under Section 511 of the Code.

GAAP requires management to evaluate tax positions taken by the College and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the College has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the IRS. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the College, and has concluded that as of June 30, 2016, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability (or asset) or disclosure in the financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Receivables are stated at net realizable value and are unsecured. The College does not charge interest on its accounts receivable. The College provides an allowance for doubtful accounts using the allowance method, which is based on management's judgment considering historical information. Accounts past due more than 90 days are individually analyzed for collectability. When all collection efforts have been exhausted, the accounts are written off against the related allowance.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments

The College carries its investments at fair value. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation is reported as increases or decreases to net assets. Realized gains and losses on investments are determined using the first-in first-out method, the specific identification method, or the average cost method based upon the underlying investment structures and holdings.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, which an acquisition cost of \$15,000 or greater, is stated at cost at date of acquisition or estimated fair value at date of gift, less accumulated depreciation computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-40
Equipment and Furnishings	3-10

Expenditures for new equipment and buildings and improvements which substantially extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Construction in progress comprises costs incurred for building improvements and equipment and furnishings.

U.S. Government Grants Refundable

Funds provided by the U.S. government under the Federal Perkins Loan program are loaned to qualified students and may be reloaned after collections. These funds are ultimately refundable to the U.S. government and are included as a liability in the statements of financial position.

Operating Activities

The College defines operating activities as activities closely related to the educational mission of the College and related auxiliary services. Included in operating revenues is the endowment spending distribution. See discussion of the endowment spending distribution in Note 3.

Gifts

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of the amounts expected to be collected discounted at an appropriate discount rate commensurate with the risks involved. Conditional promises are not included as revenue until such times as the conditions are substantially met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Gifts (Continued)

The College reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if the gifts are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. Gifts received with donor-imposed restrictions that stipulate resources be maintained permanently but permit the use of all or part of the income derived from the donated assets are reported as permanently restricted assets. Gifts received with donor-imposed restrictions that permit the use of the donated assets as specified are reported as temporarily restricted assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as Net Assets Released from Restrictions.

The College reports gifts of land, building and equipment as unrestricted support unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, the College reports expiration of donor restrictions when the long-lived assets are acquired or donated.

Deferred Revenue and Deposits

The College records cash received for future services as deferred revenue. This revenue is recognized when services are provided. Deferred revenue consists primarily of unearned tuition.

Split Interest Agreements

The College is the beneficiary of various trusts and annuities. The College's interest in these split interest agreements is reported as a contribution in the year received at its net present value, discounted at rates between 0.18% and 9.00% and between 0.20% and 9.00% as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, based upon actuarially determined mortality rates. The assets of these agreements, for which the College is the trustee, total approximately \$11,005 and \$13,289 as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and are included in investments on the statements of financial position.

Funds Held in Trust for Others

Funds held in trust for others are recorded at fair value. These investments, which are in the possession or under the control of the College, are administered by the College for outside fiscal agents, with the College deriving income from the investments as stipulated by the various gift instruments.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Postretirement Benefits

The College provides certain healthcare benefits for all retired employees who meet eligibility requirements. The College's share of the estimated costs that will be paid after retirement is being accrued by charges to unrestricted net assets over the employees' active service periods to the date they are fully eligible for benefits in accordance with ASC 715, Compensation – Retirement Benefits.

Revenue Recognition

Net tuition and fees and auxiliary income are recognized as income in the period the services are rendered.

Grants and Scholarships

Primarily scholarships, grants and other aid are offered by the College to attract and retain students. The College offers institutional support to students in the form of merit and need-based financial aid at the College's discretion.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation. The reclassifications had no effects on the change in net assets or total net assets as previously reported.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events related to the financial statements have been evaluated through October 7, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and it has been determined that there are no events that require adjustment to, or disclosures in, these financial statements.

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND COMMITMENTS

The College records certain assets and liabilities at fair value in accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. A hierarchical framework has been established that classifies assets, based on the market observability of the inputs used to determine fair value, into the following three categories:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets to which the College has access at the date of measurement.

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or not traded on an open exchange; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the instrument. Level 3 valuations are typically performed using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, which incorporate management's own estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the instrument or valuations that require significant management judgment or estimation.

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques for determining fair value and may include price information, market transaction data, investment liquidity and other factors. An investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value. Transfers between levels occur when there is a change in the observability of significant inputs. This may occur between Level 1 and Level 2 when the availability of quoted prices changes, or when market activity significantly changes to active or inactive. A transfer between Level 2 and Level 3 generally occurs when the underlying inputs become, or can no longer be, corroborated with market observable data. Transfers between levels are recognized on the date they occur.

Fair values on marketable securities are typically based on quoted market prices from an active exchange. The College's short-term investment funds and mutual funds, regardless of the underlying asset (i.e. equity, treasuries, credit), that are registered investment companies and have daily net asset values (NAV) are classified in Level 1. Certain mutual funds with observable inputs, but not traded on an open exchange are classified in Level 2.

Forward currency contracts, entered into by the College, are valued using quoted prices on active markets or exchanges. All of these investments, except those held in a common collective trust fund and subject to withdrawal limitations, are classified in Level 1.

In 2016, the College had a transfer of \$45 out of Level 3 related to its investment in a golf course. This transfer resulted from the purchase of a golf course by the College, which transferred the asset out of Level 3 and into Property and Equipment. For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, there were no other significant transfers in or out of Levels 1, 2, or 3.

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Direct investments in United States government and agency notes and bonds are priced based through wire services that look at the bid/ask quote across the market for that issue. Certain issues that trade less frequently are priced based on an estimate using previous market data. Corporate and other bonds are often traded in less active markets with pricing being determined by looking at a similar asset that is currently trading. As such, these investments are classified in Level 2.

In May 2015, FASB released Notice 2015-07, *Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)*, an amendment to ASC 820, which removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value (NAV) per share practical expedient. Those investments using NAV as a practical expedient must be removed from the hierarchy, but be reconciled outside the hierarchy to the statements of financial position. For private entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and early adoption is permitted. The College has elected to early-adopt ASU 2015-07 and has applied these amendments retrospectively for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

The fair value of limited partnerships and similar nonmarketable equity interests, which invest in both publicly and privately owned securities, are based on estimates and assumptions of general partners or partnership valuation committees in the absence of readily determinable market values. Such valuations generally reflect discounts for illiquidity and consider variables such as financial performance of investments, recent sales prices of investments, and other pertinent information. For the public securities held by the limited partnerships, investment office staff verifies the price of each public security and recalculates the resulting market value. Investments in limited partnerships and similar nonmarketable equity interests using NAV as a practical expedient have been classified in Level 3.

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following tables set forth the College's investments by major categorization on the basis of the nature and risk of the investments, as required by ASC 820, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Investments at Fair Value as of June 30, 2016							
	NAV Practical							
	Expedient	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Short-Term Investments	\$ -	\$ 40,476	\$ 50,902	\$ -	\$ 91,378			
United States Government and								
Agency Notes and Bonds	=	8,554	78,737	-	87,291			
Corporate and Other Bonds	-	14,266	28,640	-	42,906			
Marketable Equity Interests	=	498,841	58,634	-	557,475			
Commingled Funds (a)	368,946	=	-	-	368,946			
Private Equity (b)	358,381	=	-	18,043	376,424			
Distressed (c)	102,672	=	-	-	102,672			
Real Estate (d)	64,624	=	-	=	64,624			
Other (e)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		546	546_			
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$ 894,623	\$ 562,137	\$ 216,913	\$ 18,589	\$ 1,692,262			
	Invoctr	monto at Eair \/a	lue as of June 30	2015				
	NAV Practical	ileilis al Fall Va	iue as of Julie 30	J, 2013				
	INA V FIACICAL							

	Investments at Fair Value as of June 30, 2015									
	NA\	/ Practical								
	E:	xpedient	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Short-Term Investments	\$	=	\$	41,272	\$	23,989	\$	-	\$	65,261
United States Government and										
Agency Notes and Bonds		-		10,899		88,348		-		99,247
Corporate and Other Bonds		-		16,875		12,054		-		28,929
Marketable Equity Interests		-		719,784		=		-		719,784
Commingled Funds (a)		409,339		=		=		-		409,339
Private Equity (b)		354,107		=		=		15,643		369,750
Distressed (c)		85,579		-		-		-		85,579
Real Estate (d)		51,660		=		=		-		51,660
Other (e)								432		432
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$	900,685	\$	788,830	\$	124,391	\$	16,075	\$	1,829,981

The table above has been retrospectively revised in accordance with ASU 2015-07 to reflect the movement of investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value (NAV) per share practical expedient from Level 3 to the NAV Practical Expedient column. This column is included to permit reconciliation between the fair value hierarchy and the consolidated statements of financial position.

(a) Commingled funds primarily include investments with managers who implement longonly equity strategies, but also include certain global macro and long/short strategies, with some exposure to the credit markets. Redemption lock-up periods range from quarterly to 4 years, with a notice period of 30 to 180 days. Some of the assets in this category are invested in side pockets, which are less liquid and may be restricted from redemption. Commingled funds are invested globally. Unfunded commitments are \$-0at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (b) Private equity includes limited partnership interests and direct investments in the following strategies: buyout, venture capital, growth equity and invention capital, a strategy focused on the monetization of intellectual property through licensing. These partnership interests are not eligible for redemption and have terms ranging from 8 to 30 years. Private equity funds are invested globally. Unfunded commitments are \$187,791 and \$148,104 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- (c) Distressed investments are made through limited partnerships that generally seek to achieve capital appreciation through investments in debt securities and other obligations at substantial discounts to their original value. These investments are generally made in connection with episodes of financial distress for the underlying company. These partnership interests are not eligible for redemption and have terms of 10 to 11 years. Distressed funds are invested globally. Unfunded commitments are \$76,831 and \$71,768 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- (d) Real estate investments primarily are made through limited partnerships whose investment objective is to purchase direct or indirect debt or equity interests in real estate and real estate related assets or businesses. These partnership interests are not eligible for redemption and have terms of 8 to 10 years. Certain real estate investments are held directly. Real estate funds are invested globally. Unfunded commitments are \$16,445 and \$27,541 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- (e) The other category primarily consists of community investments. Unfunded commitments are \$-0- at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

The following table reconciles the change in fair value of the College's Level 3 investments from the beginning to the end of each annual reporting period:

	Private Equity	Real Estate	Other	Total
Balance - June 30, 2014	\$ 11,751	\$ 700	\$ 443	\$ 12,894
Realized and Unrealized Gains Purchases Sales	3,892 767 (767)	177 - (877)	1,204 - (1,215)	5,273 767 (2,859)
Balance - June 30, 2015	15,643	-	432	16,075
Realized and Unrealized Gains Purchases Sales Transfers	932 1,500 (32)	- - - -	844 206 (891) (45)	1,776 1,706 (923) (45)
Balance - June 30, 2016	\$ 18,043	\$ -	\$ 546	\$ 18,589

The change in unrealized gains (losses) reported above that relate to Level 3 assets held at June 30, 2016 and 2015 are \$902 and \$(10,272), respectively, and are included in net realized and unrealized gains on investments on the statements of activities.

NOTE 3 ENDOWMENT

The College's endowment consists of donor-restricted funds and other Board designated funds which are deemed to be held and invested in perpetuity. Endowment funds are primarily pooled for investment purposes.

Per the State of Iowa's statute, an institution may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so much of an endowment fund as the institution determines is prudent for uses, benefits, purposes and duration for which the endowment is established. Unless stated otherwise in the gift instrument, the assets in an endowment fund are donor-restricted assets until appropriated for expenditure by the institution. Appropriation for expenditure is deemed to occur upon approval for expenditure unless approval is for a future period, in which case appropriation is deemed to occur when that period is reached. UPMIFA does not apply to Board designated endowment funds and therefore the appreciation on these funds remains a part of unrestricted net assets.

The endowment consists of the following net asset components as of June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	2016							
	•	Temporarily Permanently						
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total				
Donor Restricted	\$ (888)	\$ 401,974	\$ 111,584	\$ 512,670				
Board Designated	1,136,113			1,136,113				
Total Endowment Net Assets	\$ 1,135,225	\$ 401,974	\$ 111,584	\$ 1,648,783				
	2015							
	•	Temporarily	Permanently					
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total				
Donor Restricted	\$ (108)	\$ 444,035	\$ 105,506	\$ 549,433				
Board Designated	1,238,342			1,238,342				
Total Endowment Net Assets	\$ 1,238,234	\$ 444,035	\$ 105,506	\$ 1,787,775				

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The College intends that its endowment shall be invested to ensure the long-term growth of its capital rather than to maximize annual income or short-term returns, recognizing the impact of volatility and liquidity on its responsibility to provide predictable and stable financial support for the College's mission as a fine liberal arts college. Total return is expected to meet or exceed endowment spending plus inflation, thereby preserving or enhancing the real purchasing power of the endowment into perpetuity.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

The College seeks to achieve these objectives via a liquidity-oriented asset allocation process which identifies a strategic mix of asset classes to produce the highest expected investment return within a prudent risk framework, utilizing bottom-up decision-making methods. The perpetual nature of the endowment funds and the significant degree to which the College relies on endowment distributions to support the operations of the College is considered.

NOTE 3 ENDOWMENT (CONTINUED)

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Board of Trustees affirmed the College's endowment spending policy, which calculates the annual distribution as 4.00% of a 12-quarter moving average of the fair value of endowment net assets. The spending policy does not permit the entire annual distribution to be used to support the College's operating budget. Accordingly, the Board of Trustees annually approves allocation of a portion of the endowment distribution to reserve funds and other purposes outside of the operating budget.

At its October 2015 meeting, the Board of Trustees approved an exception to the endowment spending policy, authorizing an additional \$56 million to be distributed over the six-year period FY 2016 through FY 2021, approximately \$9.3 million/year, over and above the standard 4% payout. The additional payout is structured to address a number of high priority strategic initiatives over the designated six-year period.

Endowment activity was as follows for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment Net Assets - June 30, 2014	\$ 1,266,311	\$ 459,360	\$ 103,850	\$ 1,829,521
Endowment Return: Investment Income, Net of Expenses Net Realized and Unrealized Losses on	10,546	4,187	-	14,733
Investments	(4,151)	(1,826)		(5,977)
Net Endowment Return	6,395	2,361	-	8,756
Gifts Endowment Spending Distribution Release or Change in Restriction Transfers	157 (59,243) 24,612 2	100 - (17,883) <u>97</u>	8,339 - (6,683) -	8,596 (59,243) 46 99
Endowment Net Assets - June 30, 2015	1,238,234	444,035	105,506	1,787,775
Endowment Return: Investment Income, Net of Expenses Net Realized and Unrealized Losses on Investments	10,935	4,671 (26,647)	- -	15,606 (88,250)
Net Endowment Return	(50,668)	(21,976)	-	(72,644)
Gifts Endowment Spending Distribution Release or Change in Restriction Transfers	(73,818) 21,416 61	(20,171) 86	7,009 - (931) -	7,009 (73,818) 314 147
Endowment Net Assets - June 30, 2016	\$ 1,135,225	\$ 401,974	\$ 111,584	\$ 1,648,783

NOTE 3 ENDOWMENT (CONTINUED)

Funds with Deficiencies

Occasionally, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or IUPMIFA requires the College to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature that are reported in unrestricted net assets were \$894 and \$108 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The College applies its standard spending policy to these funds.

NOTE 4 CONTRIBUTION AND BEQUEST RECEIVABLE-NET

Contribution and bequest receivable consists of the following at June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	2016		 2015
Less than one year	\$	4,852	\$ 3,463
One year to five years		6,403	4,168
Greater than 5 years		1,204	1,607
	·	12,459	9,238
Less: Discount to present value (1.6%)		296	 334
Contribution and Bequest Receivable - Net	\$	12,163	\$ 8,904

For the year ended June 30, 2016, contribution and bequest receivable included three gifts that represented 64.5% of the total balance. For the year ended June 30, 2015, contribution and bequest receivable included three gifts that represented 59.9% of the total balance.

NOTE 5 LOANS TO STUDENTS

Loans to students consist of the following at June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	2016		2015	
Federal Perkins Loan Program	\$	3,540	\$	3,917
Institutional Loans		3,683		3,527
Donor-Sponsored Loans		337		302
	•	7,560		7,746
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Loans:				
Beginning of Year		458		401
Adjustments		(7)		58
Write-Offs		(13)		(1)
End of Year		438		458
Loans to Students - Less Allowance for Doubtful Loans	\$	7,122	\$	7,288

NOTE 5 LOANS TO STUDENTS (CONTINUED)

Past due amounts are the following at June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	2	2016	:	2015
Less than 240 Days	\$	356	\$	696
240 Days - 2 Years		163		134
2 Years - 5 Years		254		202
Greater than 5 Years		239		230
Total Past Due Amounts	\$	1,012	\$	1,262

The College makes loans to students based on financial need. Student loans are funded through Federal government loan programs, institutional resources or donor-sponsored funds.

The Federal Perkins loan program is a revolving loan program through the Federal government. Funds advanced by the government are ultimately refundable to the government and are classified as liabilities in the statements of financial position in the amounts of \$2,542 and \$2,533 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Allowances for doubtful loans are established based on prior collection experience and current economic factors. Institutional and donor-sponsored loans are written-off when deemed permanently uncollectible. The allowance for doubtful loans related to the Federal Perkins loan program of \$110 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, is offset in the refundable amount due to the government classified as a liability in the statements of financial position.

NOTE 6 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following components as of June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	 2016		2015
Land and Improvements	\$ 14,023	\$	13,406
Buildings and Improvements	330,657		328,591
Equipment and Furnishings	70,927		70,566
Construction in Process	3,507		391
	419,114	•	412,954
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	192,527		182,807
Total	\$ 226,587	\$	230,147

As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the College has outstanding construction contract commitments totaling \$3,937 and \$5,048, respectively.

NOTE 7 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The College is a participant in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association – College Retirement Equity Fund (TIAA-CREF), which is a defined contribution plan for academic and nonacademic personnel. TIAA-CREF does not segregate the assets, liabilities, or costs by participating employer, since the accounts are maintained on an employee-basis only. Total defined contribution plan expense for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$4,897 and \$4,400, respectively. Contributions are funded on a current basis.

NOTE 8 POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Postretirement Benefits

The College sponsors a postretirement healthcare plan for all employees who meet eligibility requirements. The plan is contributory with retiree contributions that are adjustable annually based on various factors, some of which are discretionary.

The measurement date for the postretirement plan is June 30. The following tables set forth the plan's benefit obligation, fair value of plan assets, funded status (deficiency), components of net periodic benefit costs, and weighted average actuarial assumptions as of June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	2016	2015
Change in Benefit Obligation:		
Benefit Obligation - Beginning of Year	\$ 22,946	\$ 43,230
Service Cost	1,747	2,254
Interest Cost	968	1,838
Plan Amendments	-	(24,807)
Actuarial Loss	2,317	1,000
Medicare Part D Subsidy	-	88
Benefits Paid in Excess of Retiree Contributions	(678)	 (657)
Benefit Obligation - End of Year	27,300	 22,946
Change in Fair Value of Plan Assets:		
Fair Value of Plan Assets - Beginning of Year	5,947	4,989
Return on Plan Assets	1,002	1,097
Employer Contributions	201	429
Retiree Contributions	192	410
Medicare Part D Subsidy	-	88
Benefits Paid	(870)	(1,066)
Fair Value of Plan Assets - End of Year	6,472	5,947
Funded Status (Deficiency)	\$ (20,828)	\$ (16,999)

NOTE 8 POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Postretirement Benefits (Continued)

	2016		2015	
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost:		_		
Service Cost	\$	1,747	\$	2,254
Interest Cost		968		1,838
Amortization of Loss		1,026		948
Amortization of Prior Service Cost		(3,166)		177
Expected Return on Assets		(358)		(295)
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$	217	\$	4,922
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Discount Rate		3.40%		4.30%
Expected Return on Plan Assets		6.00		6.00
Healthcare Cost Present Trend Rate for Participants				
up to 65 Medical/Prescription Drug		7.0-7.0		7.0-7.0
Healthcare Cost Present Trend Rate for Participants 65				
and Over Medical/Prescription Drug		7.0-7.0		7.0-7.0
Healthcare Cost Ultimate Trend Rate (Year of Stabilization)	4.	00 (2037)		5.00 (2036)

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plan. A one-percentage-point change in assumed health care cost trend rates would have the following effects:

	1%			1%
	In	crease	D	ecrease
Effect on Total of Service and Interest Cost Components	\$	669	\$	(505)
Effect on Postretirement Benefit Obligations		4,624		(3,697)

Cash Contributions and Benefit Payments

The College's postretirement benefits are partially unfunded; therefore, cash contributions for postretirement benefits are equal to the benefit payments.

The following table details the expected cash contributions and benefit payments for 2016 through 2025:

Year Ending	Ar	nount
2017	\$	811
2018		906
2019		977
2020		1,037
2021		1,166
Years 2022 - 2025		7,379

NOTE 8 POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Cash Contributions and Benefit Payments (Continued)

All benefit payments for other postretirement benefits are voluntary, as the postretirement plans are not funded, and are not subject to any minimum regulatory funding requirements. Benefit payments for each year represent claims paid for medical expenses, and the College anticipates the 2016 postretirement benefit payments will be made from cash generated from operations.

The College amended its postretirement healthcare plan from a defined benefit structure to a defined contribution structure. The changes took effect on January 1, 2016. As a result of this amendment, the accrued postretirement benefit obligation has decreased by \$24,807 as of June 30, 2015.

Asset Allocation

The College's postretirement plan's asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, (measurement date) is 59% in fixed income investments and 41% in cash and cash equivalents. All plan investments are considered Level 1 investments.

The investment strategy for postretirement plan assets is to maintain a conservative portfolio designed to preserve principal value.

Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvements and Modernization Act of 2003

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvements and Modernization Act of 2003 (the Act) introduced a prescription drug benefit under Medicare Part D beginning in 2006 as well as a federal subsidy to sponsors of retiree health care benefit plans that provide a benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D.

The College determined that the postretirement medical benefits provided under its plan are actuarially equivalent to the benefits provided under the Act. As a result, the College received a federal subsidy related to these benefits in the amount of \$-0- and \$88 for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively.

NOTE 9 NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 consist of the following:

	 2016	 2015
General Purposes	\$ 79,102	\$ 86,270
Instruction	145,180	161,243
Academic Support	38,252	41,938
Student Services	28,191	31,217
Institutional Support	19,313	21,122
Scholarships, Grants and Loans	102,679	113,405
Facilities Operations	1,872	1,359
Split Interest Agreements	 924	 1,496
Total	\$ 415,513	\$ 458,050

NOTE 9 NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Permanently restricted net assets (investments to be held in perpetuity) as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 consist of the following:

	2016	2015
General Purposes	\$ 10,450	\$ 10,421
Instruction	39,230	40,816
Academic Support	9,555	4,712
Student Services	11,508	11,206
Institutional Support	2,564	2,515
Scholarships, Grants and Loans	42,507	40,841
Facilities Operations	10	10
Total	\$ 115,824	\$ 110,521

NOTE 10 BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at June 30, 2016 and 2015 consist of the following:

	 2016	 2015
Revenue Bonds dated March 9, 2010 with Final Maturity on December 1, 2020	\$ 29,405	\$ 35,305
Revenue Bonds dated November 20, 2014 with Final		
Maturity on December 1, 2044	 56,415	 56,415
	85,820	91,720
Capitalized Bond Issuance Costs	(514)	(565)
Premium on Revenue Bonds	4,625	5,485
Total	\$ 89,931	\$ 96,640

On March 9, 2010, IHELA issued an aggregate of \$58,905 of Private College Facility Revenue and Refunding Bonds (at a premium of \$7,090). A portion of the proceeds was used to advance refund \$50,000 of Series 2001 Private College Facility Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds. The 2010 bond issue was structured as 16 separate serial bonds in principal amounts ranging from \$550 to \$5,900, at interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. Interest on the 2010 bonds is payable each June 1 and December 1.

NOTE 10 BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On November 20, 2014, IHELA issued an aggregate of \$56,415 of Private College Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds (at a premium of \$3,966). The proceeds were used to advance refund the Series 2008 Private College Facility Variable Rate Demand Revenue bonds. The 2014 bond issue was structured as 16 separate serial bonds in principal amounts ranging from \$1,340 to \$16,710, at interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. Interest on the 2014 bonds is payable each June 1 and December 1, beginning December 1, 2014.

Bond repayment is subject to Loan Agreements between IHELA and the College. The obligations of the College to make loan repayments under the Loan Agreements are general obligations of the College and are unsecured.

Scheduled maturities on bonds payable of the College subsequent to June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending	 Amount		
2017	\$ 5,900		
2018	5,900		
2019	5,900		
2020	5,900		
2021	5,805		
Thereafter	 56,415		
Total	\$ 85,820		

NOTE 11 CONTINGENCIES

The College is involved in various legal actions arising in the normal course of activities and is subject to periodic audits and inquiries by various regulatory agencies. Although the ultimate outcome of such matters is not determinable at this time, management believes that the resolution of these pending matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the College's financial statements.

NOTE 12 RELATED PARTY

Contribution and Bequest Receivable from members of the Board of Trustees are included in the financial statements. The contribution and bequest receivable outstanding from trustees totaled \$9,536 and \$5,569 at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The College has a conflict of interest policy in place. Disclosures are updated by each trustee annually.



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